

#### This webinar isn't....

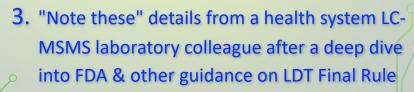


- A broad overview of the LDT Final Rule
- The perfect solution for your 5/6/25 compliance
- Free advice from a \$\$\$ IVD regulatory professional

#### It is....



- 1. Focused on first steps for 5/6/25 compliance
- 2. Potentially the first of several if



3

## What is the CAC?



- Established Spring 2024
- Mission: Support clinical LC-MS/MS
   laboratories worldwide in achieving
   regulatory compliance and obtaining
   accreditation
- Initial focus Compliance of CLIA licensed LC-MSMS laboratories with U.S. FDA Final Rule on Laboratory Developed Tests (LDT)

## **CAC Committee Members**

- Jacqueline Hubbard, PhD, DABCC, Co-Chair CAC
   Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center
- Judy Stone, MT(ASCP), PhD, DABCC, Co-Chair CAC
   Retired Clinical Chemist
- Dan Wang, PhD, DABCC (CC, TC), CAC Laboratory Partner Akron Children's Hospital
- Alejandro R. Molinelli, PhD, NRCC-CC, FADLM, CAC Laboratory Partner, St. Jude Children's Research Hospital
- Melissa Budelier, PhD, DABCC, Committee member

  Tricore Reference Laboratories



5

## **CAC plans related to LDT Final Rule**

1. Resources on MSACL-CAC webpage

#### Links to:

- a. FDA guidance documents
- b. CLSI LDT related documents
- C. Webinars from ADLM, CAP, CLSI, FDA, vendors
- d. CAC templates for SOPs, Forms to adapt for LC-MSMS LDT Final Rule compliance
- MSACL Webinars & Blogs (next slide)

# Ideas for Webinar/Blog topics 1. With CAC Laboratory Partners a. Compliance Planning & Outcomes b. Labeling (due 5/6/26) with an example c. FDA interactions d. De Novo/510K/PMA LC-MSMS LDT submission(s) to FDA 2. Committee perspectives on interpreting CFR language for "devices" as applied to LC-MSMS LDTs

Use of a Product Database for materials tracking

Promote dialogue with FDA about LC-MSMS LDT

specifically (2<sup>nd</sup> most common LDT technology)

7

FDA Final Rule on LDTs Timeline					
Phase	Due date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Requirements for LDTs		Exempt	
1	2025-05-06	Medical device reporting Corrections/removal reporting Quality System complaint files		Risk management	
2	2026-05-06	Register/list with the FDA Labeling requirements Investigational requirements		What, where, details of current LDTs?	
3	2027-05-06	Remainder of Quality System requirements (*Records only)		nmet need*, currently m odification, rare RBC anti	
0 4	2027-11-06	PMA for high risk (Class III)		nmet need, currently ma odification, rare RBC anti	
5/5	2028-05-06	Premarket (510k)/de novo for low (Class I)/mod (Class II) risk		nmet need, currently ma odification, rare RBC anti	
Exempt from Final Rule LDTs: 1976 type, HLA for transplant, forensic purposes, or within the VHA or DoD  Exceptions to Enforcement Discretion LDTs: ("marketed before May 6, 2024, without significant changes";  "meeting unmet needs criteria within a healthcare system"; NY State CLEP					



## **Action Plan A**

- P. Define details what needs to be in place for LDT Final Rule compliance by 6 May 2025?
- Review existing internal systems (LC-MSMS section,
   Core/Chemistry laboratory, Laboratory Medicine or
   Pathology department, Quality Assurance/Compliance/Regulatory, Liability Depts., Hospital/Corporate
   Admin & Leadership) what can/must be:
  - a. Used as is
  - b. Adapted/Revised/Amended
  - c. Retired/Replaced

q



## **Action Plan B**

- 3. List new/revised systems/processes/entities/documents/training/FDA IDs, Accounts/dry runs needed
- 4. Meet with QA, other Regulatory departments of your organization ALERT!, what overlap is/will exist between those departments & new LDT requirements? Who has authority to decide/create/implement?
- 5. Ensure open, ongoing lines of communication between laboratory & organization leadership & quality assurance departments on this issue
- 6. Write action plan, who does what by hard deadlines



- Create/modify-SOPs, forms, tracking mechanisms, training materials, checklists, train and document competency/online solutions/obtain FDA Accounts/#s/IDs needed for reporting/tracking
- 2. Define (name) the designated unit for Complaints review, investigation and reporting (mission statement, SOPs, kickoff meeting)
- 3. Rehearsal? As for fire, disaster "mock" serious injury of patient event possibly related to an LC-MSMS LDT result what follows?

## **Monitoring after Go-Live**

One, two & 6 (weeks, months) post go-live:

- 1. Interview frontline staff, LC-MSMS Supervisor, LDT-QA committee what is working, what isn't
- 2. Review frequency, patterns, root causes of any recorded Complaints, Nonconforming Products, Corrections, Removals
- 3. Update SOPs, forms, tracking, online solutions, training as needed
- 4. Repeat a dry run for MDR reporting, a Correction?



Compliance due 6 May 2025

1. Complaint files

2. Medical Device Reporting (MDR)

3. Corrections

4. Removals

#### SOPs & Forms on MSACL-CAC page (coming soon)

- 1. With comments from reviewers
- 2. For download (MS Word)
  - Complaints SOP
  - Complaints Recording Form
  - Nonconforming Events/Products SOP
  - NCE Reporting Form

15

#### What might compliance look like for Complaints?

Have approved, in use, with formal "go live" date on/before 6 May 2025:

- SOP/Forms on documenting, evaluating, investigating, records storage for Complaints about LC-MSMS LDTs
- 2. Unique Device Identifiers (UDI) for LC-MSMS LDTs
- 3. Tracking (Hx, frequency, trending of Complaints)
- 4. Staff trained on Complaint Handling (competency)
- A "formally designated unit" for Complaints review, investigation, action (replies, Corrections, Removals)
  and reporting [internal & MDR to FDA])

## Complaints SOP-"What is old hat"?

Use of existing QS (quality systems)

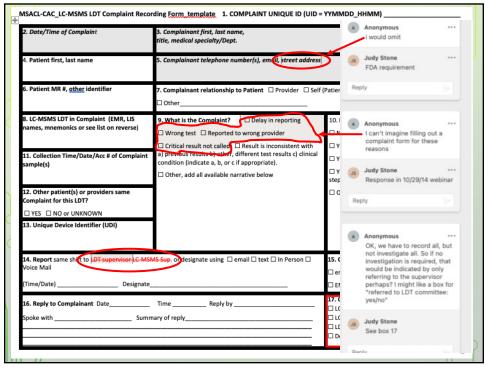
- Rename/Modify using FDA definitions
- More documentation ("document oral complaints")
- Tracking/Storage may need new
   systems, refine existing systems, opt
   for digital whenever possible

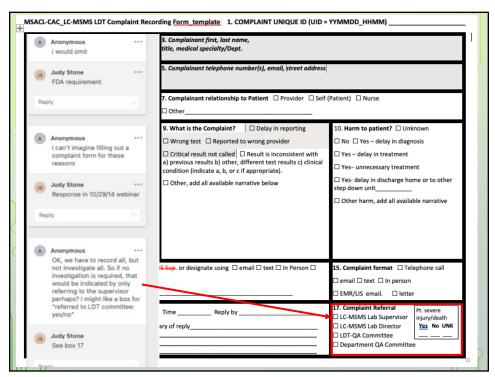
17

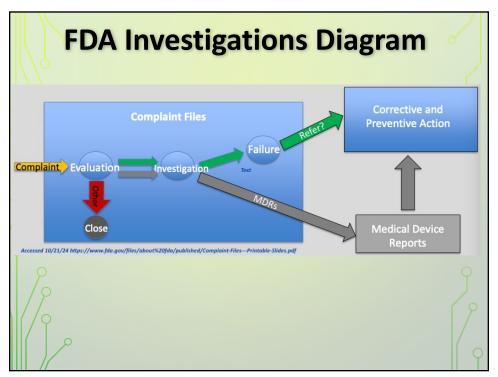
## Complaints SOP- "new to us"?

- 1. Establish a "formally designated unit" for review
- 2. If no investigation document rationale and "name of the individual responsible for the decision not to investigate"
- 3. Document Complaints about "Labeling"
- 4. "Unique Device Identifiers (UDI)" required
- 5. Document complainant address (as well as page 1) name, phone #) and the reply to complainant
- 6./FDA reporting (MDR, Corrections, Removals)











Any written, electronic, or oral communication that alleges



deficiencies related to the *identity, quality, durability, reliability, safety, effectiveness, or performance* of a

device after it is released for distribution. (21 CFR 820.3(b))

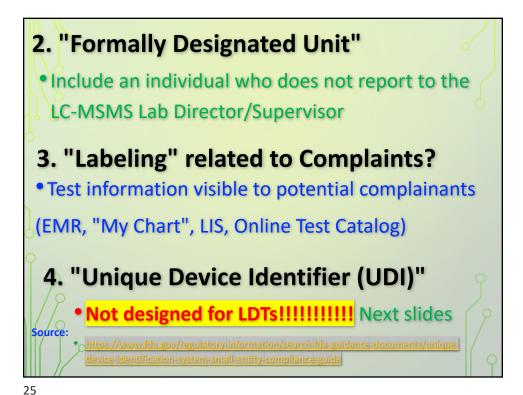
Sources:

FDA https://www.fda.gov/files/about%20fda/published/Complaint-Files---Printable-Slic CLSI OSRLDT https://clsi.org/standards/products/method-evaluation/documents/asrldt

23

# Record Every LC-MSMS LDT related Complaint? If not – who triages?

- Any laboratory person answering the phone or speaking to an in-person complainant?
- Any MLS?
- Any supervisor or designate?
- Any MLS, Supervisor, Designate competent for the LC-MSMS LDT in question?
- Exclude by category (not LDT specific)?
  - P Delayed TAT
  - Reported to wrong provider
  - Wrong test performed



FDA UDI Guidance-1

CFR 803.52

Manufacturers must include the UDI on the device label or on the device package in individual adverse event report submissions.

CFR 806.10

The manufacturer or importer must include on reports of corrections and removals: the UDI that appears on the device label or on the device package, or the device identifier, universal product code (UPC), model, catalog, or code number of the device and the manufacturing lot or serial number of the device or other identification number. (see FDA 8/22/24 webinar on

CFR 806.20

Records of corrections and removals not required to be reported to FDA shall contain the UDI, or the device identifier, UPC, model, catalog, or code number of the device and the manufacturing lot or serial number of the device or other identification number.

#### FDA UDI Guidance-2

Unique Device Identifier (UDI) = Device Identifier (DI) + Production Identifier (PI)

#### **Production Identifier (PI) includes (" added)**

- The lot or batch within which a "device" was manufactured;
- (b) The serial number of a specific "device";
- (c) The expiration date of a specific "device";
- (d) The date a specific "device" was manufactured
- A mandatory, fixed portion of a UDI that identifies the specific version or model of a device and the labeler of that device. 21 CFR 801.3.

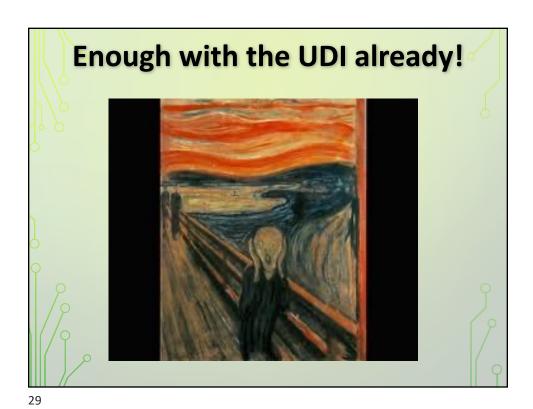
Global Unique Device Identification Database (GUDID)

https://accessgudid.nlm.nih.gov

27

## **FDA UDI Rules**

- Required dates format is: the year, using four digits: followed by the month, using two digits; followed by the day, using two digits; each separated by hyphens. For example, January 2, 2014, must be presented as 2014-01-02
- You are required to use a UDI system operated by a FDAaccredited issuing agency (IA). In vitro diagnostic products must comply with both UDI label requirements and the label requirements in 21 CFR 809.10
- FDA has accredited three organizations as UDI issuing agencies:
- GS1,
- Health Industry Business Communications Council (HIBCC), and
  - International Council for Commonality in Blood Banking Automation (ICCBBA)



**UDI Questions** 

-multiple instruments – same LDT method,

**BUT different LC-MSMS or ALH:** 

different UDIs or same UDI?

-changing lots of reagents, internal standards,

mobile phases, consumables – same LDT

method, same materials,

**BUT different lots:** 

different UDIs or same UDI?

## A global UDI per LC-MSMS LDT?

AND internally append a Batch UDI denoting

LC-MSMS serial#, ALH serial#, batch unique identifier with reference to MP lot#; I.S. lot#; ext. reagents, media, container(s) lot#s; QC lot#s; LC column/guard lot#s

UDI = Device ID + Product ID

-A single DI per LC-MSMS method vs a DI per each instrument – **feasible but unnecessary (batch ID)** 

A Product ID change with every materials lot -

unrealistic

31

## **Thoughts on FDA UDI Guidance**

**-UDI** needed for Labels and Data Submission

-Label an LC-MSMS LDT — in SOPs? in Batch records? on Instruments? on Consumables?

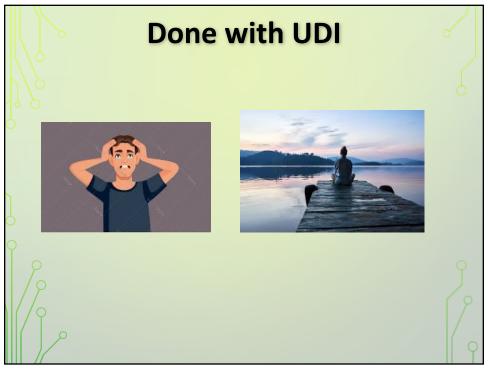
online test information visible to providers/pts?

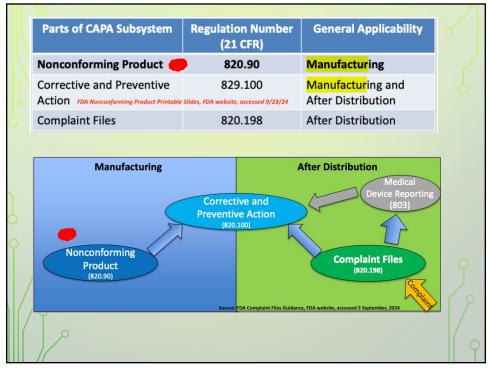
-Data Submission - trackable across reportable event

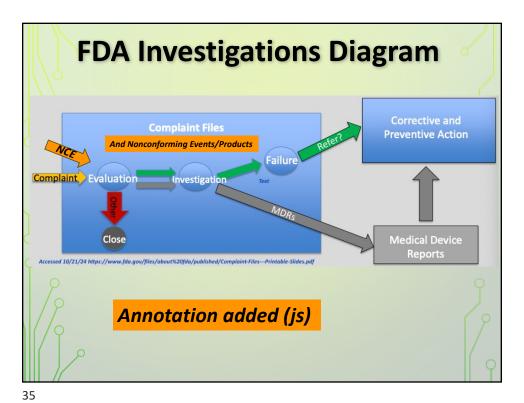
Less concern w Labeling



More weight on Data submission







## **Nonconforming Events (Product) (NCE)**

# Why NCE now? Not required for 5/6/25 compliance

- Think of NCE as the "within laboratory" partner to Complaint Files
- Look back at FDA Diagrams/Table similar handling of NCE & Complaints
- MDR necessary for NCE & Complaints
- Consider implementing the two together

CLSI\_QSRLDTEd2E pg.12: "It might be helpful to group particular elements together, such as nonconforming product and complaint files,...."

#### **Definitions for NCE (FDA slide-21 CFR 820.3)**

**Specification** 

any requirement with which a product, process, service, or other activity must conform [21 CFR 820.3(y)]

**Product (Events)** 

components, manufacturing materials, in-process devices, finished devices, and returned devices 121 CFR 820.3(r)]

(SST; lot to lot testing of reagents, LC columns, mobile phases & internal standards; data review exceptions; EQA/PT; instrument service; ???)

Nonconformity

the nonfulfillment of a specified requirement [21 CFR 820.3(q)]

**Sources:** 

SI OSRLDT

37

#### What might compliance look like for NCE?

Have approved, in use, with formal "go live" date on/before 6 May 2025:

- SOP/Forms for identification, documentation, evaluation, segregation, control, & disposition of NCE
- Evaluation→Investigation needed? Signatures
- Tracking (Hx, frequency, trending of NCE)
- Staff trained on NCE Handling (competency)
- "Formally designated unit" for NCE (and Complaints) review, investigation, action (replies, Corrections, Removals) and reporting [internal & MDR to FDA])

#### Note before hyperventilating.....

- Not every "failure" = an investigation, evaluate to determine if an investigation is warranted
- Specifications, and therefore failures, are user defined – "When an SST mean peak area is <target, repeat after checking daily maintenance, materials. A failed SST = two consecutive SSTs with mean peak areas ≤80% of threshold."
- Workflow is: 1.ID 2.Document 3.Evaluate.4.Segregate, Control 5.Dispose

30

## **Disposition**

- SOP defines who has responsibility/authority for disposition & documentation of NCE
  - 1. Discard, make new product, retest
  - 2. Return to vendor with request for replacement, retest
  - Retest/Revalidate as is product (FDA rework?)
  - 4. Use as is with justification (data, see #3)
- When to investigate, refer to LDT-QA Committee (FDA term is CAPA) vs "handle within NCE protocols"

\$64,000 question

## Handling within NCE (FDA slide)

Examples of Nonconformances Handled under 820.90

- Easy/specific correction
- Isolated
- Minor
- Not a Design issue
- Not a Manufacturing issue

41

## Refer to CAPA 21 CFR 820.100 (FDA slide)

- No easy/specific correction
- Recurring (based on valid analytical method)
- Severe
- Design issue
- Manufacturing issue

## FDA Investigations Language

(Complaints & NCE)

- 1. Why no specifics in FDA guidance?
- 2. Many variables
- 3. Regulation is flexible, design your own process
- 4. Define your own details

12

## **Additional CAC templates for 2025?**

- 1. LDT-QA Committee (required for Complaints)
- 2. Medical Device Reporting
- 3. Corrections
- 4. Removals



